Product Traditional High Gloss
Revision date 17 January 2020

Revision 1



# **Safety Data Sheet (SDS)**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# Section 1: Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name Traditional High Gloss Synonyms, Trade names No information available.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesPaint or paint related material.Uses advised againstNo uses advised against are identified.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier FSW Coatings Ltd

Virginia Co Cavan Ireland

Tel: 353 49854 7209

Contact person info@fsw.ie

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone + 353 49854 7209 (Between 0900 and 1700 hrs Monday-Friday)

# **Section 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and chemical hazards Flam. Liq 3- H226 Human health STOT SE 3 - H336 Environment Not classified

# 2.2 Label elements

**Contains** Not applicable

Label in accordance with (EC) no. 1272/2008





Signal word Warning

**Hazard statements** H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam for extinction.

Storage

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

## Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## **EUH statements**

 $\hbox{EUH}208$  Contains 2-butanone oxime ethyl methyl ketoxime ethyl methyl ketone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

## 2.3 Other hazards

None known.

# **Section 3: Composition/identification of ingredients**

## 3.1 Substance

Not applicable.

## 3.2 Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Reg. EU 1272/2008	%
titanium dioxide	CAS-No.: 13463-67-7 EC No.: 236-675-5 REACH Reg No.: 01-2119489379-17-XXXX		10-30%
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether	CAS-No.: 107-98-2 EC No.: 203-539-1	Flam. Liq 3- H226, STOT SE 3 - H336	1-5%
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	CAS-No.: EC No.: 918-481-9 REACH Reg No.: 01-2119457273-39-XXXX	Asp. Tox - H304	1-5%
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	CAS-No.: 64742-48-9 EC No.: 919-857-5 REACH Reg No.: 01-2119463258-33-xxxx	STOT SE 3 - H336, Asp. Tox - H304, Flam. Liq 3- H226	10-30%
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS-No.: 22464-99-9 EC No.: 245-018-1	Repr. 2 - H361d	0.1-0.9%
propane-1,2-diol	CAS-No.: 57-55-6 EC No.: 200-338-0		0.1-0.9%
calcium carbonate	CAS-No.: 471-34-1 EC No.: 207-439-9 REACH Reg No.: 01-2119486795-18-XXXX		0.1-0.9%
Iron(1+), chloro[dimethyl 9,9-dihydroxy-3-methyl-2,4-di(2-pyridinyl-kN)-7-[(2-pyridinyl-kN)methyl]-3,7-diazabicyclo- 3.3.1]nonane-1,5-dicarboxylate-kN3,kN7]-, chloride	CAS-No.: 478945-46-9 EC No.:	Acute Tox 3 - H301, Skin. Sens 1 - H317, STOT RE 2 - H373, Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	0.1-0.9%
2-butanone oxime ethyl methyl ketoxime ethyl methyl ketone oxime	CAS-No.: 96-29-7 EC No.: 202-496-6	Acute Tox 4 - H312, Skin. Sens 1 - H317, Eye Dam. 1 - H318, Carc. 2 - H351	0.1-0.9%
naphtha (petroleum)	CAS-No.: 64741-65-7 EC No.: 265-067-2 REACH Reg No.: 01- 2119471991-29	Asp. Tox - H304, Flam. Liq 3- H226, Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	<0.1%
Stoddard solvent Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A colorless, refined petroleum distillate that is free from rancid or objectionable odors and that boils in a range of approximately 148.8°C to 204.4°C. (300°F to 400°F).]	CAS-No.: 8052-41-3 EC No.: 232-489-3	Asp. Tox - H304, Muta. 1B - H340, Carc. 1B - H350, STOT RE 1 - H372	<0.1%

The full text for all hazard statements are displayed in section 16.

**Composition comments** 

The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

#### **Section 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General information** General first aid, rest, warmth and fresh air.

**Inhalation** Remove the affected person to fresh air, obtain medical attention if symptoms persist.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact** Remove affected person from source of contamination Remove contaminated clothes and

rinse skin thoroughly with water. Wash skin with soap and water Get medical attention if

symptoms persist.

Eye contact Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes

with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Rinse with a gentle stream water for at least

15 minutes. Get prompt medical attention.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependant of the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

IngestionDo not induce vomiting unless instructed by a physicianSkin contactProlonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.Eye contactProlonged contact may cause redness and/or tearing.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to the physician** Treat symptomatically.

## **Section 5: Fire-fighting measures**

Unsuitable extinguishing media

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

> environment. Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products** During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Unusual fire & explosion hazards Flammable vapours may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back,

or accumulate in low or confined spaces.

**Specific hazards** If heated, harmful vapours may be formed.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special fire fighting procedures** Avoid breathing fire vapours. Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Fight advanced or massive fires

from safe distance or protected location. Do not scatter spilled material with more water

than needed to fight the fire. Do not get water inside container.  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$ 

**Protective equipment for firefighters** Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

# Section 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Do not smoke,

use open fire or other sources of ignition. Make safe all sources of ignition. Avoid contact

with skin and eyes.

For emergency responders Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations for normal

use of product.

## **6.2 Environmental precautions**

**Environmental precautions** Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled

discharges into watercourses must be IMMEDIATELY alerted to the Environmental Agency

or other appropriate regulatory body.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if possible without risk. Wear necessary protective equipment. Absorb spillage with Spill clean up methods

non-combustible, absorbent material. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled

container. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For waste disposal, see section 13. See section 1 for emergency contact. For personal

protection, see section 8.

## **Section 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Do not use contact lenses. Keep

away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours and mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Do not eat,

drink or smoke when using the product.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep

> upright. Keep locked up and out of reach of children. Avoid storing for very long periods. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Bags or containers, which are opened, must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Avoid contact with oxidising agents. Store away from acids. Store separate from alkalis. Store in cool dry areas away from direct sunlight or

sources of ignition. Store away form other chemicals.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1. Usage description

Use only according to directions. Replace and tighten cap after use.

# **Section 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection**

## **8.1 Control parameters**

Component	STD	TWA (	8 Hrs)	STEL (15mins)		Notes
titanium dioxide	OEL		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
titanium dioxide	OEL		4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
titanium dioxide	WEL		10 inhalable aerosol mg/m³			
titanium dioxide	WEL		4 respirable aerosol mg/m³			
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether	OEL	100 ppm	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	150 ppm	568 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IOELV
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether	WEL	100 ppm	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	150 ppm	560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Sk
propane-1,2-diol	OEL	150 ppm	470 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
propane-1,2-diol	OEL		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
propane-1,2-diol	WEL		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
propane-1,2-diol	WEL	150 ppm	474 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
calcium carbonate	WEL		10 inhalable aerosol mg/m³			
calcium carbonate	WEL		4 respirable aerosol mg/m³			
2-butanone oxime ethyl methyl ketoxime ethyl methyl ketone oxime	OEL	3 ppm	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 ppm	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Sens
Stoddard solvent Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A colorless, refined petroleum distilla	OEL	100 ppm	573 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

**Ingredient comments** 

Ireland, Occupational Exposure Limits 2018.

Workplace Exposure Limits Guidance Note EH40/2005.

#### **8.2 Exposure Controls**

Protective equipment



**Engineering measures** Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the

defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

**Respiratory equipment** Use type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. Use

respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as CEN (EU). Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate a full face respirator conforming to EN143, Type P3 should be used, and suitable respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: Half-face filter respirator Type A filter material, European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149

and 143 provide filter recommendations.

**Hand protection** Wear chemical protective gloves that are in accordance with EN 374. The selection of the

suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of

contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Change gloves regularly. Suggested material: Nitrile rubber gloves. Breakthrough

time: > 480 min Minimum layer thickness: 0.4mm.

**Eye protection** Wear safety goggles or face shield to prevent any possibility of eye contact. Use equipment

for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as  ${\sf EN}$ 

166(EU).

Other protection Protective clothing should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks

involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Hygiene measures**DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes wet or contaminated.

Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or

smoke.

**Process conditions** Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

#### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceViscous liquid.ColourVarious.

**Odour** Slight. Hydrocarbon.

**Odour threshold - lower** No information available as testing has not been completed.

**Odour threshold - upper**No information available as testing has not been completed.

**pH-Value, Conc. Solution**No information available as testing has not been completed.

**pH-Value, Diluted solution** No information available as testing has not been completed.

**Melting point** May start to solidify at the following temperature: -15°C This is based on data for the

following ingredient: Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%

aromatics. Weighted average: -58.56°C

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

>142°C

Flash point 42.00 °C

Evaporation rate Highest known value: 0.04 (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%

aromatics ) Weighted average: 0.03compared with butyl acetate

Flammability state Liquid

Flammability limit - lower(%) Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, nalkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <

2% aromatics)

Flammability limit - upper(%) Greatest known range: Upper: 7% (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, nalkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <

2% aromatics)

Vapour pressure Highest known value: 0.1 to 0.3 kPa (0.8 to 2.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Naphtha(petroleum),

hydrotreated heavy). Weighted average: 0.16 kPa (1.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density (air=1) Highest known value: 4.5 (Air = 1) (Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <

2% aromatics).

**Relative density** 1.25 + /- 0.2

**Bulk density** No information available as testing has not been completed.

**Solubility** Insoluble in water.

**Decomposition temperature** Stable under normal handling and storage conditions

Partition coefficient; n-

Octanol/Water

No information available as testing has not been completed.

Auto ignition temperature (°C) Lowest known value: >230°C (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2%

aromatics ).

Viscosity Kinematic (40°C): >0.31 cm<sup>2</sup>/s

**Explosive properties** The product is not classified as explosive.

Oxidising properties The product does not meet the criteria to be classified as oxidising.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight No information available as testing has not been completed.

Volatile organic compound 298.00 g/litre

**Other information** Volume Solids 60.0 % +/- 1.0%

Weight Solids: 71.5 +/- 1.0%

# **Section 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity

**Reactivity** Reactions may occur with strong oxidising agents.

10.2 Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous reactions** For information on hazardous reaction see section 10.1.

Hazardous polymerisationUnknown.Polymerisation descriptionUnknown.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

Protect from frost.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising substances. Strong acids. Do not mix with other chemicals unless listed on

directions.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours

#### **Section 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Toxicological information** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acute toxicity (Oral LD50)No information available as testing has not been completed.Acute toxicity (Dermal LD50)No information available as testing has not been completed.Acute toxicity (Inhalation LD50)No information available as testing has not been completed.

**Serious eye damage/irritation** May cause temporary eye irritation.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** The product is not classified as a skin corrosion/irritation hazard.

**Respiratory sensitisation**The product is not classified as a respiratory hazard. **Skin sensitisation**The product is not classified as a skin sensitisation hazard.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** The product is not classified as a mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity** The product is not classified as a carcinogen hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure:

**STOT - Single exposure** The product is classified as a single exposure specific target organ toxin.

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure:

**STOT - Repeated exposure** The product is not classified as a repeat exposure specific target organ toxin.

**Inhalation** Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

IngestionDo not induce vomiting unless instructed by a physicianSkin contactProlonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.Eye contactProlonged contact may cause redness and/or tearing.

Waste management When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to

handling of the product.

**Routes of entry** Eyes, skin, ingestion or inhalation.

**Target organs** Eyes, skin, digestive system, respiratory system.

**Aspiration hazards:** May be fatal if swallowed.

**Reproductive toxicity:** The product is not classified as a reproductive hazard.

Name	LD50 oral	II I)50 dermal	LD50 inhalation
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Rat >5000.00mg/kg	>5000.00mg/kg Rabbit >5000.00mg/kg	(Vapours) Rat 4
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	>5000.00mg/kg	Rabbit >5000.00mg/kg Rabbit	>4950.00mg/m-3 Rat 4 Hours>4.95mg/l (vapours) Rat 4 Hours
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics			>5000.00mg/m-3 Rat
		>2000.00mg/kg Rat	
Stoddard solvent Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified [A colorless, refined petroleum distillate that is free from rancid or objectionable odors and that boils in a range of approximately 148.8°C to 204.4°C. (300°F to 400°F).]	>5000.00mg/kg Rat	>3000.00mg/kg Rabbit	>5500.00mg/m-3
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	>5.00g/kg Rat	>5.00g/kg Rabbit	
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether	=4016.00mg/kg Rat		=6500.00ppmV Rat 4 Hours

## **Section 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity - Fish

Acute toxicity - Aquatic invertebrates

No information available as testing has not been completed.

Acute toxicity - Aquatic plants

Acute toxicity - Microorganisms

Chronic toxicity - Fish

Chronic toxicity - Aquatic

No information available as testing has not been completed.

No information available as testing has not been completed.

No information available as testing has not been completed.

No information available as testing has not been completed.

invertebrates

**Chronic toxicity - Aquatic plants**No information available as testing has not been completed.
No information available as testing has not been completed.

Ecotoxicity The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eco toxilogical information The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause

long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

DegradabilityThe degradability of the product has not been stated.Biological oxygen demandNo information available as testing has not been completed.Chemical oxygen demandNo information available as testing has not been completed.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Bioaccumulation factor**Partition coefficient; nNo information available as testing has not been completed.
No information available as testing has not been completed.

Octanol/Water

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Mobility** Insoluble in water.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The product does not contain any PBT or vPvB Substances.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

	Acute toxicity (Fish)	Acute toxicity (Aquatic invertebrates)	(Aquatic
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Hours >100.00ppm Freshwater	LC50 48 Hours >100.00ppm Daphnia magnaLC50 48 Hours >100.00ppm Daphnia magna	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Freshwater FishLC50 96 Hours >1000.00mg/l Onchorhynchus mykiss	EC50 48 Hours >1000.00ppm Daphnia magnaEC50 48 Hours >1000.00mg/l Daphnia magna	EC50 72 Hours >1000.00mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Onchorhynchus	EC50 48 Hours >1000.00mg/l Daphnia magna	
Iron(1+), chloro[dimethyl 9,9-dihydroxy-3-methyl-2,4-di(2-pyridinyl-kN)-7-[(2-pyridinyl-kN)methyl]-3,7-diazabicyclo-3.3.1]nonane-1,5-dicarboxylate-kN3,kN7]-, chloride		EC50 48 Hours 23.70mg/l Daphnia magna	
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether	LC50 96 Hours =6812.00mg/l Leuciscus idus (Golden Orfe)	LC50 48 Hours =23000.00mg/l Daphnia magna	EC50 =1000.00mg/l Selenastrum Capricornutum

2-butanone oxime ethyl methyl ketoxime ethyl methyl ketone oxime	46.00mg/l Lepomis		LC50 72 Hours 83.00mg/l
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## **Section 13: Disposal considerations**

Waste management When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to

handling of the product.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Disposal methods** Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements, and in

accordance with all local, national and international regulations.

## **Section 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

 UN no. (ADR)
 UN1263

 UN no. (IMDG)
 UN1263

 UN no. (IATA)
 UN1263

## 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR proper shipping name
PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

IMDG proper shipping name
PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

IATA proper shipping name PAINT

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR class 3
IMDG class 3
IATA class 3

# **Transport labels**



## 14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN packing group III
IMDG packing group III
IATA packing group III

## 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR No IMDG No IATA No

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

EMS F-E, S-E
Emergency action code A3 A72 A192
Hazard no. (ADR) 30
Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC code

## **Section 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/Legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**EU legislation** Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments. Reach Regulation (EC) No 453/2010. The UN Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Safety Data Sheet format (Annex IV) is implemented as Annex II of REACH EU No 453/2010 of 20th May 2010 amending regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

**Approved code of practice** 2018 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations in accordance with section 60 of

the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act 2005 (No. 10 of 2005).

Workplace Exposure Limits Guidance Note EH40/2005.

Chemical safety assessment No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## **Section 16: Other information**

**General information** This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Reach Regulation (EC) No 453/2010.

**Revision comments**This is a first issue. **Revision date**17 January 2020

Revision 1

Safety data sheet status Approved.

## **Hazard statements in full**

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

**H304** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**H336** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**H361** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**H301** Toxic if swallowed.

**H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H312Harmful in contact with skin.H318Causes serious eye damage.H351Suspected of causing cancer .H315Causes skin irritation.H319Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

**H335** May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child .

 ${f H340}$  May cause genetic defects .

**H350** May cause cancer.

**H372** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

EUH208 Contains 2-butanone oxime ethyl methyl ketoxime ethyl methyl ketone oxime. May produce

an allergic reaction.

## Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.